207.171-2

207.171-2 Definition.

Component, as used in this section, includes subsystems, assemblies, sub-assemblies, and other major elements of an end item; it does not include elements of relatively small annual acquisition value.

[71 FR 14102, Mar. 21, 2006]

207.171-3 Policy.

DoD policy is to break out components of weapons systems or other major end items under certain circumstances.

- (a) When it is anticipated that a prime contract will be awarded without adequate price competition, and the prime contractor is expected to acquire any component without adequate price competition, the agency shall break out that component if—
- (1) Substantial net cost savings probably will be achieved; and
- (2) Breakout action will not jeopardize the quality, reliability, performance, or timely delivery of the end item.
- (b) Even when either or both the prime contract and the component will be acquired with adequate price competition, the agency shall consider breakout of the component if substantial net cost savings will result from—
 - (1) Greater quantity acquisitions; or
- (2) Such factors as improved logistics support (through reduction in varieties of spare parts) and economies in operations and training (through standardization of design).
- (c) Breakout normally is not justified for a component that is not expected to exceed \$1 million for the current year's requirement.

 $[71\;\mathrm{FR}\;14102,\,\mathrm{Mar}.\;21,\,2006]$

207.171-4 Procedures.

Agencies shall follow the procedures at PGI 207.171-4 for component breakout.

 $[71~{\rm FR}~14102,\,{\rm Mar.}~21,\,2006]$

207.172 Human research.

Any DoD component sponsoring research involving human subjects—

(a) Is responsible for oversight of compliance with 32 CFR Part 219, Protection of Human Subjects; and

(b) Must have a Human Research Protection Official, as defined in the clause at 252.235–7004, Protection of Human Subjects, and identified in the DoD component's Human Research Protection Management Plan. This official is responsible for the oversight and execution of the requirements of the clause at 252.235–7004 and shall be identified in acquisition planning.

[74 FR 37648, July 29, 2009]

Subpart 207.4—Equipment Lease or Purchase

207.401 Acquisition considerations.

If the equipment will be leased for more than 60 days, the requiring activity must prepare and provide the contracting officer with the justification supporting the decision to lease or purchase.

207.470 Statutory requirements.

- (a) Requirement for authorization of certain contracts relating to vessels, aircraft, and combat vehicles. The contracting officer shall not enter into any contract for the lease or charter of any vessel, aircraft, or combat vehicle, or any contract for services that would require the use of the contractor's vessel, aircraft, or combat vehicle, unless the Secretary of the military department concerned has satisfied the requirements of 10 U.S.C. 2401, when—
- (1) The contract will be a long-term lease or charter as defined in 10 U.S.C. 2401(d)(1); or
- (2) The terms of the contract provide for a substantial termination liability as defined in 10 U.S.C. 2401(d)(2). Also see PGI 207.470.
- (b) Limitation on contracts with terms of 18 months or more. As required by 10 U.S.C. 2401a, the contracting officer shall not enter into any contract for any vessel, aircraft, or vehicle, through a lease, charter, or similar agreement with a term of 18 months or more, or extend or renew any such contract for a term of 18 months or more, unless the head of the contracting activity has—
- (1) Considered all costs of such a contract (including estimated termination liability); and